

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches. DOMESTIC.

A HURRICANE swept the New Hebrides and the whole settlement at the port of Sandwyck was obliterated and half of New Caledonia was submerged, leaving the natives homeless and destitute.

The ninth biennial meeting of the supreme council of the Catholic Knights of America met in Chicago.

Labor numbers of negroes were said to be leaving Tennessee for California.

Hubert S. Wolff, manufacturer of carpets at Vienna, failed for 1,000,000 dollars.

Severe earthquake shocks were felt at Madison, Howard and Carthage in South Dakota.

One-cent pieces are being introduced in Oakland, Cal., for the first time. The smallest legal tender formerly used was five-cent pieces.

FRANK BOWENSTRAHL, an ex-convict in the Cook county (Ill.) treasurer's office, was said to be \$40,000 short in his accounts with the office.

Twins were born to Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Wishard, of Clinton, Ind., the father being 77 years old and the wife 69 years of age.

The British squadron and nearly all the other foreign vessels at the great review in New York harbor have sailed for home.

In a libel suit in a New York court brought by Edward S. Stokes against W. H. Martin the fact was made known for the first time that on December 1, 1897, Mr. Stokes was granted a pardon by Grover Cleveland, then governor, releasing him from all consequences of his crime of killing Jim Flak.

The death of C. C. Maywood, cashier of the Bank of Santa Clara county at San Jose, Cal., disclosed the fact that he was short in his accounts \$150,000, and the doors of the bank were closed.

Nearly a thousand sons and daughters of the Green Mountain state witnessed the dedication of the Vermont state building on the world's fair grounds.

The State Investment & Insurance company of California has failed, causing loss to many persons.

Gus Thompson, Cornelius Wagner and Andrew Olson were killed by the cars while crossing a railway track in Chicago.

At the thirtieth international convention in Indianapolis of the Young Men's Christian association G. N. Pierce, of Dayton, O., was chosen president.

JOHN L. JAMES, of Scranton, Pa., grand treasurer of the international organization of machinists, decamped with \$5,000 of the funds belonging to the order.

At the annual meeting in Toledo, O., of the Order of Railway Conductors Grand Chief Conductor Clark, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., was reelected by acclamation.

THE shrinkages in values since the panic on the New York stock exchange shows losses of over \$30,000,000, and most of this represents total annihilation of fortunes.

W. R. DREWRY, an attorney at Norfolk, Va., was under arrest charged with securing a large number of fraudulent pension claims, the totals aggregating over \$100,000.

A new counterfeit of United States silver certificate is in circulation. It is of the series of 1885, check letter 18 H, bearing the signature of W. B. Hoag, registrar, and E. H. Nabeker, treasurer, and has a small, scalloped seal. The portrait of Gen. Grant is poorly engraved, having a scratched appearance, and some of the lettering is irregular.

The Washington crop report for May shows a decided falling off in the condition of wheat during last April. The average for the whole country is given as 75.3 per cent, as against 77.4 for March. The condition for the six great surplus states is reported as: Ohio, 83; Michigan, 71; Indiana, 70; Illinois, 63; Missouri, 73; and Kansas, 51, the average for these being 68.3 per cent, against 74.3 a month earlier.

The North German Lloyd line steamship Germania, from Bremen, arrived in New York with 1,400 stowage passengers, 130 of whom were suffering from smallpox.

The New York Central engine No. 999, which had made a record of 103 miles an hour, bent that by doing a mile in thirty-two seconds, which is equivalent to 127 1/2 miles per hour.

A young negro who attempted to assault a daughter of Capt. James Whinn at Chestnut Ridge, S. C., was lynched by a mob.

Six horses ran in the nineteenth annual Kentucky derby at Louisville, Footout winning by four lengths in 2:01 1/2.

Two boys near Lakeport, Ark., were way, flooding thousands of acres of cotton land and causing heavy losses to planters.

WALTER G. BERRESEN, a convict, committed suicide at the prison by shooting himself in the chest. His daughter Emma, who was trying to prevent the shooting, received the bullet in her brain after it had passed through her father's head and she died.

Fire destroyed two business buildings at Pittsburgh, Pa., causing a loss of \$150,000 and the fatal injury of two firemen.

The seventy-seventh annual meeting of the American Bible society was held in New York and the reports showed the total cash receipts for the year ended March 31 to be \$278,930 and the disbursements \$226,537.

The Columbia national bank in Chicago suspended with liabilities of over \$1,000,000. The principal business of the bank was with country banks and they will be the chief sufferers.

R. R. ROBINSON & Co., bankers and brokers at Wilmington, Del., failed for \$300,000.

The Capital national bank at Indianapolis closed its doors with liabilities of \$1,000,000.

A QUARTER monument to the memory of James Barron Hope, known as the poet laureate of Virginia, was unveiled at Norfolk.

The Scotch-Irish congress of America convened at Springfield, O.

The house of John Mahin and two other houses at Muscatine, Ia., were destroyed by dynamite. Mr. Mahin is editor of the Muscatine Journal, postmaster, and an ardent prohibitionist, and the residences destroyed were those of prominent citizens who have been active in prosecuting saloon cases.

Mrs. ANNA HANNA, of Tonawanda, N. Y., charged with starving her 5-year-old stepdaughter to death, was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree and sentenced to eleven years imprisonment. This is the first case in the history of American jurisprudence where a person was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree.

The Sioux City (Ia.) engine works failed for \$200,000.

ONE-HALF of Spring Lake, Mich., was destroyed by fire and fifty families were homeless. Total loss, \$175,000.

The power house and carhouse of the Grand View Beach railroad near Charlotte, N. Y., were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

During the week ended on the 12th the leading clearing houses in the United States reported exchanges amounting to \$1,370,004,103, against \$1,378,038,156 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1899 the increase was 11.0.

JOHN Z. CAPELLA and Charles Luttrell were hanged at Sherman, Tex., for the murder of W. T. Sherman at Denison on April 28, 1893.

THIRTY were 357 business failures reported in the United States during the seven days ended on the 12th. In the week preceding there were 216, and during the corresponding time in 1899 the number was 310.

R. J. HORVICK, conductor of a general store and private bank at Grand Ridge, Ill., failed for \$200,000, and scores of farmers are ruined by the disaster.

ROBERT IRMA burned hundreds of acres of oak, pine and cedar timber, many valuable cranberry bogs and three houses in Berkeley township, N. J.

The twenty-five plunders of the mob that took from jail at Chattanooga, Tenn., Alfred Thout, a negro assaulter, and his aged him, have been indicted for murder.

The Hygeian Ice company at Trenton, N. J., failed for \$150,000.

SEVERAL farms east of Pinolney, Mich., were swept by a cyclone and buildings were wrecked and several persons were hurt, but not seriously, though many horses and sheep were killed.

The collapse of the Columbia national bank in Chicago caused the failure of banks at Rockville, Greentown, Oxford, Monistown, Arvonia, Sploeland, Orleans, Holston, Hroolston, Dunbar, Genoa, Howell, Knox, West Lambert, Greenwood in Indiana, the Highland, Edwardsburg, Lawton, Rockford and Charlovaix banks in Michigan, the bank of Oregon in Wisconsin, the bank of Cayce in Illinois and the bank at Clearmont in Ohio.

Members of the local world's fair directory passed a resolution that the fair should be open Sundays on and after May 21, the admission to the grounds to be twenty-five cents, and the big exhibit buildings to be closed. This action may be annulled by the national committee.

JOHN HANSON, aged 19, was hanged at Charleston, S. C., for the murder of Stephen Kearney on the 11th of August last.

The police at Buffalo, N. Y., claimed to have discovered evidence of a plot by anarchists to blow up the water works and fire the world's fair buildings to avenge upon Chicago the execution of the anarchists condemned for the Haymarket murders.

The new Canada line steamship Campana made the trip from New York to Queenstown in 5 days 17 hours and 49 minutes, the quickest passage eastward yet made by any steamer.

The total value of the exports of breadstuffs from this country during the ten months ended April 30 last was \$167,533,917, a decrease of \$35,000,000 from the corresponding period of 1898.

JOHN WELSH, grand treasurer of the Order Germania, a relief fund, met and to with association, departed from his home in New York with \$100,000 belonging to the order.

JOHN S. & BARRIE, the largest mill in the world, failed at Lincoln.

The Pennsylvania State bank of Frankford, Pa., failed for \$2,000,000.

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A heavy windstorm at Anthon, Ore., overturned a number of fishing boats and four men were drowned.

At Louisville, Ky., the firm of W. H. Thomas & Son, the largest dealers in old Kentucky whisky in the world, suspended with liabilities of \$500,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. JOSEPH FRANCIS, of New York, the world-famed inventor of life boats, died at Onego lake, aged 22 years.

The president has appointed James A. Blount, of Georgia, minister to Hawaii, and Frank H. Jones, of Springfield, Ill., first assistant postmaster general.

Gen. EDWARD D. TOWNSEND, for a number of years adjutant general of the army, died at his residence in Washington.

At the meeting in Louisville, Ky., of the National League of Republican clubs W. W. Tracy, of Springfield, Ill., was chosen as president.

The National Republican College league in session at Louisville, Ky., elected L. E. Hawkins, of Syracuse university, as president.

ROBERT O. LESLIE, director of the mint, handed in his resignation to the president to take effect at the end of this month.

The state convention of Ohio prohibitionists will meet at Cleveland June 27 and 28.

FOREIGN. THE Bank of Victoria at Melbourne suspended with liabilities of \$4,000,000. The bank has many branches.

PARIS was said to be decimating the population of the rural districts in southeastern Russia.

ADMIRAL GONZALEZ LOPEZ, who commanded the Spanish vessels of war in the recent naval review in New York harbor, died in Havana.

IGNACE DALCROZ, an actor at the theater at Hamburg, America, committed suicide on the stage during the play because of jealousy.

CAROL ADVICES say that the revolution in Nicaragua is successful and that the revolutionists under ex-President Zavala are now practically in control of the government.

The official announcement is made that Queen Victoria has approved the appointment of the earl of Aberdeen as governor general of Canada.

The official estimate of the Bengal (India) wheat crop for the season just closed is 449,249 tons, against 349,000 tons for last year.

Rev. Dr. B. W. McCATZ, who was identified with the well-known Evangelical mission at Paris founded by him twenty years ago, died in that city, aged 77 years.

The schooner Esperance and her captain and crew of ten men were lost while on a sealing voyage in the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Queen Victoria, the sovereign prince of Waldeck, died at Mueltenbad, Hohenzollern, aged 83 years.

DURING the Maximilian holiday celebration at Durango, Mexico, an affray occurred between a mob of intoxicated Mexicans and the police which resulted in the killing of five of the mob and one policeman.

LATER. THE steamer City of Hamburg collided in a fog off Trevose Head, coast of Cornwall, with the ship Countess Evelyn, and the crew of sixteen and nine passengers of the latter vessel were drowned.

KENDRICK & SMITH, grain dealers at Lincoln, Neb., failed for \$500,000.

An overflow in the Illinois and Sangamon rivers in Cass county, Ill., flooded several thousand acres of rich farming lands, entirely destroying the wheat crop last fall.

CHARLES P. PHILLEN, the noted Cincinnati slanted robber, escaped from the state prison at Jackson, Mich.

The jury in the case of W. C. Rippey, accused of assassinating John W. McKinley in San Francisco with intent to kill, was discharged, having failed to reach an agreement.

Three men fell 4,000 feet to their death down the Red Jacket shaft of the Cataract and Hoan mine at Calumet, Mich.

JOHN EVANRY, who shot and killed J. P. Pelee, a conductor, on a train at Seymour, Ind., was taken from jail at Bedford by masked men and lynched.

An extensive tin mine was found near Kenova, W. Va., the mine yielding 70 per cent pure tin.

The republicans elected a committee in North Southfield, R. I., which gives them a majority in the next legislature and enables them to elect republican state officers.

W. H. A. BISELL, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Vermont, died at Burlington.

A fire caused by a defective flue in the ballroom of the Aldine hotel in Philadelphia resulted in a loss of \$140,000.

The Standard Oil company's works at Whiting, Ind., were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

The Kishwaukee (Illa.) City bank closed its doors with liabilities of \$100,000, "tightness of money and slow collections caused the failure."

A fight between rival camps of charcoal burners near Mazatlan, Mexico, led to a conflict in which ten men were killed and a number badly wounded.

A CYCLONE gave way at Brook's mill in Arkansas, causing the destruction of crops in eight or nine parishes.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 14th were as follows: Cleveland, 697; St. Louis, 687; Washington, 613; Pittsburgh, 580; Brooklyn, 553; Cincinnati, 553; Philadelphia, 500; Baltimore, 429; Boston, 419; New York, 385; Chicago, 380; Louisville, 300.

GATES TO BE OPEN.

Monday evening, after May 21, decided upon by World's Fair directors. The main buildings of the Exposition to be closed. Visitors, however, upon payment of Twenty-five cents, may participate through the Park and find entrance to Midway Plaisance and its Attractions, Foreign Buildings and Most of the State Buildings.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Members of the local world's fair directory passed a resolution Friday that the world's fair should be open Sundays on and after May 21. They took this action upon the recommendation of Director Edwin Walker, the leading legal adviser of the board. After many hours of thought Mr. Walker, in consultation with Lyman J. Gage, Henry B. Stone and others, came to the conclusion that congress had no authority over anything other than the exhibits, and that the directory was free to act in accordance with the terms of the resolution which Mr. Walker presented. His resolution does not propose to open the exhibit buildings, the great structures in which the products of all countries are housed, but merely the grounds about them—the Plaisance and the state and foreign buildings—providing those in control of them so elect.

Inasmuch as the big exhibit buildings may not be entered by the visitors the directory proposes that a charge of but twenty-five cents be made to enter the grounds Sunday. The action of the directory was taken in accordance with what is believed to be public sentiment.

Members of the national world's fair commission are disposed to resent the assumed right of the local board to open the gates, even if the exhibit buildings remain closed. Most of those who were seen declared that the director could not, without the sanction of the commission, put such a resolution into operation; and they have previously threatened that legal proceedings would be instituted if their concurrence was not secured before Sunday opening in any form were attempted.

The resolution creates a new regulation differing from the Sunday closing one adopted by both bodies. The commission will be in session to-day and some action may be taken by it. Inasmuch, however, as there is no probability of a quorum being present, it will be unable either to authoritatively approve or reject the new rule. But there is little reason to doubt that, unless explanations accompany the resolutions, there will be some bitter talk at today's session of the commission.

The meeting of the board of directors Friday afternoon was one of the largest yet held. The only subject discussed was that of Sunday opening, and the session lasted several hours. When the final vote was reached it was found that the sentiment for an open Sunday at Jackson park was twenty-five to ten at first proposed. The special committee on legislation, composed of Edwin Walker, Ferdinand W. Peck, F. S. Wainston and Arthur Dixon, made its report and after a full discussion of the question Edwin Walker introduced the resolutions, which were passed by a vote of 37 to 7. The resolutions are as follows:

"Resolved, That in accordance with the opinion of Edwin Walker, chairman of the committee on legislation of this corporation, submitted herewith, the public be admitted to the grounds surrounding the exposition buildings, the buildings containing exhibits, commencing on Sunday, and that the price of admission on such days be fixed at twenty-five cents."

"Resolved, That this resolution take effect from and after May 21, 1893."

As a result to the day's work the board, by a resolution, made Edwin Walker solicitor general for the exposition.

The report of the committee on legislation, by its chairman, Edwin Walker, defines the powers of the exposition on the Sunday closing question. Mr. Walker holds that the acts of congress refer to the exhibition which is inside the buildings, and not to the fair grounds, which are not an exhibit. The grounds unoccupied by the buildings have been beautified and ornamented for the use of the public, but they have no special relation to the exhibit, nor are they a part of the exposition. Mr. Walker does not believe that the prohibition of congress can be extended to the public park and grounds. Again the committee does not believe it was the intention of congress to prohibit the representatives of foreign nations and the commissioners of states from visiting their buildings and temporary houses Sunday. Therefore the opinion of the committee is that the act of congress of August 5 only requires that all the main buildings containing exhibits installed for exhibition shall be closed to the public Sunday and that the admission of the public to the grounds and the buildings not devoted to exhibition purposes would not be in violation of the letter or spirit of the law. On this opinion the board of directors passed the resolution which opens every part of the world's fair grounds to the public Sundays with the exception of those buildings which are placed exhibits.

This really leaves the question of the fair all under the control of the board of directors. The board of directors, however, has no authority over anything other than the exhibits, and that the directory was free to act in accordance with the terms of the resolution which Mr. Walker presented. His resolution does not propose to open the exhibit buildings, the great structures in which the products of all countries are housed, but merely the grounds about them—the Plaisance and the state and foreign buildings—providing those in control of them so elect.

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COMMENCING May 18th

**We Shall Offer
the Following:**

12 1-2 cent Gingham 5 cents
7 cent prints 31-2 cents
12 1-2 cent Outing Flannels,
in light colors, 5 cents
50 cent Wool Dress Goods 25 cents

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

We have Tan Shoes in

Boys' Youth's
Men's Ladies'
Misses' Children's

All Styles.

Prices the Lowest.

The Best Ladies' Kid Shoe
in Chelsea for

\$2.00

Can be found at our Shoe Dept.

Respectfully,

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

FURNITURE!

We are Showing a Full Line of

**BABY CARRIAGES,
BOOK CASES,
SIDEBOARDS,
COUCHES, ETC.**

And being Overstocked on Rockers
and Bedroom Suits, we are
making special prices on
them to reduce
stock.

Remember we are Headquarters
for Crockery and Glassware.

HOAG & HOLMES

MICHIGAN

May be years behind in road
improvements, but

R. A. Snyder

is not a day behind with his
stock of shoes

For Spring.

The Ladies are invited to call and see the greatest
bargain in a shoe ever offered in Chelsea, for

\$1.50.

SUITS TO SUIT

The Most Critical.

Perfect Fits Guaranteed.

All the Latest Styles in Spring
Suits and Overcoats.

Popular Prices:-

Leave Your Orders Early

J. J. RAFTREY, - - MERCHANT TAILOR.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

The leaves are appearing.
Mrs. Jas. Taylor is seriously ill.
Strawberry festivals are now in order.
Geo. Gage is having a new barn built.
The busy season has opened with the
farmer.

Coal stoves are being put away for the
summer.

Bert Sparks was in Jackson the first of
the week.

O. T. Hoover was a Detroit visitor last
Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Hamilton is spending a few
days in Leon.

C. E. Whitaker has moved his tin shop
to the second floor.

Chas. Gregg, of Jackson, was a Chelsea
visitor last Monday.

Wm. Van Riper is in Detroit working
for the M. C. R. Co.

Miss Minnie Conway spent the past week
with friends in Jackson.

John Pratt, of Lima, will erect a large
sheep barn this summer.

Sunday May 21 is Whitson-day, and
May 28 is Trinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Lehman spent a few
days in Ann Arbor this week.

Mrs. Damon, of Belleville, is the guest
of Mrs. Thos. Fletcher, of Lima.

W. J. Knapp has a change of "ad" in
this issue. Be sure and read it.

Remember the Flower Festival in the
McKone block, which opens today.

David Westfall, of Plainfield, was the
guest of Jas. Ackerson last Sunday.

Mrs. Edwin Gorton, of North street,
spent Sunday with friends in Wayne.

Dr. H. H. Avery was in Dansville Fri-
day attending the funeral of a cousin.

Elmer Bridgtook and Will Divine, of
Dexter, were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Elmer Hammond was the guest of his
parents here a few days the past week.

Frank Hindejaug, of Columbus, Ohio,
called on Chelsea friends the past week.

Roy Evans has accepted a position at
Homer, and left for that place last week.

Arthur May, of North Lake, is getting
the stone on the ground for a new house.

Wm. Rosencrans, of Ann Arbor, was
the guest of Miss Cora Irwin last Sunday.

Frank Staffan will furnish the brick for
W. P. Schenk & Co's. and M. Boyd's stores.

Geo. Rank of Francisco, is working for
the Walter A. Wood Machine Company.

Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M., will take
part in Decoration Day exercises this year.

The M. C. R. R., did not change time
tables last Sunday, as stated in our last
issue.

Genial Geo. Foran, of Detroit, called on
relatives and friends here last Saturday and
Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Richards is in Belleville this
week visiting her niece, Mrs. Jewett, who
is very ill.

Mr. F. Sparks, of Leon, was the guest
of his son, L. E. Sparks, of East street,
last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howlett, of Ann
Arbor, visited in town the latter part of
last week.

Clarence Maroney has something to say
about lumber in this issue. See card on
this page.

Miss Almerene Osborne, of the U. of M.,
was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. Boyd
last Sunday.

Mrs. E. C. Hill, of Brown City, Mich.,
was the guest of Chelsea friends a few days
the past week.

A marriage license has been granted to
Ernest Stanton, of Dexter, and Lena B.
Fisk, of Lima.

Irene Mills, of Bridgewater, was the
guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Roedel a few
days this week.

Dr. and Mrs. H. Hoag, of Kingman,
Kansas, are visiting relatives here and in
Detroit this week.

Mrs. Geo. Fuller and daughter, of
Detroit, are the guests of relatives in
Lyndon this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. O'Connor left May
6th for St. Louis, Mo., where they will
reside permanently.

The Misses Belle and Myra Howell, of
Eaton Rapids, were the guests of friends
in this vicinity the past week.

John K. Yocum left for York state last
Monday, where he will remain a few weeks
visiting relatives and friends.

Rev. C. O. Rolley, D. D., who has been
a guest at St. Mary's Rectory for some
time, left for Detroit yesterday.

Royal Royce, of Jackson, was the guest
of his grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry
Speer, last Sunday and Monday.

Henry Stinson, of Park street, spent
a few days of last week with his sister,
Miss Matie V. Stinson, in Albion.

Jas. Taylor, of this village, is drawn to
serve as one of the jurors at the June term
of the United States court at Detroit.

Mrs. Wm. Grant, of Jackson, who has
been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
John Wallace, returned home last Mon-
day.

Herbert L. Cope, of Manchester, was in
town Tuesday making arrangements for
an entertainment for the benefit of the Y.
P. S. O. of this village.

The board of review, for the township
of Sylvan, meets at Supervisor Gilbert's
office next Tuesday. If you think you
have too much property, go and swear
some of it away.

The Epworth League of the M. E. church
celebrated its third anniversary last Sunday
evening, with a program appropriate to
the occasion. Taken as a whole the eve-
ning's entertainment was a rare treat.

The following Chelsea cases were recent-
ly decided in the circuit court at Ann
Arbor: Louis Wiggins vs Sarah R. Cole, the
jury rendered a verdict of \$150.00 for the
plaintiff. Gottlieb Ahnsmiller vs Frank
Staffan, six cents for plaintiff.

Our draymen should be careful and not
enter or leave the alleys between the stores
faster than a walk. Last Monday a little
girl was knocked down by a dray that was
being driven through the alley between H.
S. Holmes and Hatch & Durand's stores
at a smart trot.

The church going people of Lima, have
engaged Rev. O. C. Balloy to preach there
every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m. They
have also organized a Sunday School, and
elected the following officers: Superinten-
dent, J. Easton; Secretary, Chas. Hawley;
Treasurer, Fred Stabler.

Twenty additional jurors were drawn
last week to serve during this term of court.
The Hand murder case being the cause
thereof. Among those drawn were the
following from this vicinity: Geo. Mitchell,
Lima; F. A. Burkhardt, Lyndon; and
Arthur Chapman, Sylvan.

The following were the guests of Mr.
and Mrs. O. Spiraglio last Sunday: Miss
Lena Schwartz, of Coldwater; Mrs. Weiss,
of Toledo; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Niele and
daughter and Eugene Kirchgessner, of
Manchester; Mr. Hauser and family, and
Geo. Miller, of Adrian; and Augustus
Niele, of Ann Arbor.

Weather prophet Hloks promises the
following weather for the remainder of
this month: Cooler up to next storm period
running from 18th to 22d. About these
days expect very warm weather to end in
hard storms. This is true, also for 23d,
and 28th and dates touching them. Day
will end growing warmer, with storms
from the west.

The story is going the rounds that some
one is playing ghost in the south part of
town, and several of our inhabitants have
been badly frightened by its appearance.
We think the Marshal should look into
this matter before it is too late, as some
timid person may be so frightened that
they will never recover from the shock.
At any rate the party that is playing the
ghost should be punished, and the honor
the better.

The law says: "Any person who shall at
any time within this state kill any robin,
nighthawk, whippoorwill, flicker, thrush,
lark, swallow, yellow-bird, blue-bird,
brown thrasher, wren, martin, oriole, wood
pecker, bobolink or any song bird, or rob
the nests of such birds, shall be deemed
guilty of a misdemeanor, and on con-
viction thereof shall be fined \$5 for each bird
so killed or each nest so robbed, or con-
fined in the county jail 10 days, or both
fine and imprisonment at the discretion of
the court."

There are some afflictions that seem to
come with the spring season, and that must
be borne with as the easiest way of getting
along in life. There is the small boy with
his marbles and kites and roller skates in
the spring. There is the cattle crazy with
watches coming out, and there is the sweet
girl graduate leaving papa for a new dress
for commencement, and the corner loafer
crazy with spring fever and utter exhaus-
tion. This is the season for all such, and
its now in force. But it isn't interminable
and lakeside season, with its sights and
scenes, will soon be here, and will compen-
sate for all the spring annoyances.

Mr. William Conroy and Miss Katharine
Hayes, both of Piquette, were united in
the holy bonds of matrimony at St. Mary's
church, Chelsea, on Wednesday morning,
May 17, 1893, at 9 a. m. The happy
couple were attended by Mr. Edward Con-
nors, brother of the groom and Miss
Hannah Hayes, both of Piquette. Mr.
and Mrs. Conroy are both well known in
Piquette and are highly esteemed by a
large circle of friends, who join most
heartily in tendering congratulations for a
long and happy wedded life. Mr. and
Mrs. Conroy have bought the Ryan farm
near Piquette, and have gone to home-
keeping at once, where they will be glad
to see their many friends.

SHALL WE GIVE

YOU A

TIP ?

It will cost you nothing and will
save you money. And every dollar
saved is as good as

A Dollar Earned.

Our business is saving money for
our customers. Just now we are
saving them a great deal on Wall
Paper, Window Shades, Paints and
Oils etc., and are giving them satis-
faction every time.

Can We Save You Anything on Groceries?

Of course we can. Just call at
the Bank Drug Store and do your
trading, for we are the cheapest place
in Washtenaw County.

**Dried Beef 10c per lb,
23 pounds Light Brown
sugar for \$1.00.**

**Pillar Rock Salmon 10c
per can.**

**Alaska Salmon 14c
per can.**

Herring 20c a box.

**8 pounds Rolled Oats 25c
Good Raisins, 8c per lb.**

**Fine Roasted Coffee, 19c
per lb.**

**Fine Sugar Syrup, 25c
per gal.**

**Three Cans of Pumpkin
for 25c.**

**Good Japan Tea, 30c per
lb.**

**2 packages Yeast Foam
for 5c.**

**Good New Orleans No-
lasses, 25c per gal.**

**Headlight Kerosine Oil,
9c per gal.**

**Do you like a good cup of
Tea?**

**We have it at 25c per lb.
4 lb Vail & Crane Crack-
ers for 25c.**

We Invite Comparison.

**Verily, Merrily, More and More,
It Pays to Trade at**

GLAZIER'S STORE.

ARE YOU IN NEED

LUMBER?

If so call on

Clarence Maroney,

He has a large and well selected stock of

Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

A lot of lumber suitable for stowage at
bottom prices.

ADIRONDA

TRADE MARK

Wheeler's

Heart Cure

AND Nerve Cure

—Positively Cures—

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

Sleeplessness and all derangements of the
Nervous System.

UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS

A Blessed Balm for the Mothers and
Restless Baby

Purely Vegetable Guaranteed Free
from Opium, 100 Full sized
Doses 50c.

Rev. R. N. M. of St. M. E. church,
Chambersburg, Pa., writes: "I have
used your Heart Cure for my son,
and he is now able to sleep and eat
and is very happy."

Prepared by W. S. W. and F. L. L.
Manufactured by W. S. W. and F. L. L.
Solely by S. W. W. and F. L. L.,
Chambersburg, Pa.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION DRY GOODS!

3000 yds Turkey Red prints 5c per yd worth 7c.
500 pair Ladies Gloves at 25c worth 40c.
250 pair Ladies Hose at 25c worth 40c.
150 pair Children's Hose at 15c worth 25c.

Respectfully,
GEO. H. KEMPF.

GARDEN SEEDS!

It Is Time To Make Your Garden.

We are showing the Finest Line of Garden Seeds that has ever been shown in Chelsea. An endless variety in

Bulk & Packages.

We have a very nice Lawn Grass Seed, and Field Peas of all kinds.

Respectfully,

GEO. BLAICH.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

What's the Matter With Konkright & Ward? And What's the Matter with their New Meat Market? Every one says they are all right, and the Pride of the Village.

"We can have nice things just as well as anybody." Konkright & Ward say so, and so say we all. Everything usually found in a first-class meat market always on hand. Call and see us. Conmings & Conk's old stand.

CONKRIGHT & WARD, Chelsea.

OUR SPECIALTIES

For the present are

- Refrigerators.
- Lawn Mowers.
- Corn Planters.
- Gasoline Stoves.

Walker Buggies at Factory prices. We are Headquarters for Baby Cabs at lowest prices.

W. J. KNAPP.

Watches and Jewelry

DO YOU NEED EITHER?

If so, you should buy from the Best Selected Stock

L. & A. WINANS,
Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

The Krons and Alton Satche Cultivators. No cultivated plants are so rapidly than the Krons and Alton Satche Cultivator, which is the best of its kind. The Monarch Steel Frame, sever Harrow. Strongest, easiest to handle and most durable of harrows. The Russell Engines and Tractors, which are among the best. All kinds of Machine Oil always on hand, at bottom prices.

CHAS. G. KAERCHER.

Here and There.

Pluckney wants a town hall. Burglars have been doing a good business in Ann Arbor recently. In 1890 we had 93,200 miles of railroad in the U. S. we now have 170,600 miles. The annual meeting of the Washtenaw county plover society will be held in Sallie, June 14.

The supervisor of Waterloo township reports 16 births and 11 deaths in that township during 1892.

It's now said that the trusts embrace the typewriter. No doubt, if they could they's squeeze the whole country half to death.

The Good Templars of Dexter, will give an entertainment in that village Saturday evening, May 20. The program will be entirely new.

Lost, last Thursday, on the road between Chelsea and the Michael Foster farm, in Sylvan, a plaid lap robe. Finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

Piano sounding boards are made of American spruce. American woods, by the by, are employed in many ways. The American pine shingle, for instance, is the sounding board of youth.

The theory that flies may spread cholera, now being discussed by medical men, is a great "snap" to the fly-screen manufacturer. It is as effectual an ally as is a polar way to the weather-strip man.

Mrs. Chas Root, Cedar Springs, Mich., was told by physicians that they could do nothing for her. After taking two bottles of "Ailroads" she was able to do her own work and ride to town to do her shopping. Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co.

The Pinekey Dispatch says: A farmer in this vicinity has succeeded in making good brandy out of saw-dust. That is the stuff. When a man can take a rip-saw and get drunk on a mill fence, sumptuary laws will have no further terrors for him.

A U. of M. student while taking a walk down the Huron river near Ann Arbor, one day last week, saw three blue racers close together. He killed them and found that the shortest measured five feet and the longest, which he brought to town, five feet six inches.

We note from a fashion journal that mammoth earrings are again to come in vogue, and that they will be larger than ever, reminding one of the era of cannibalism. This Oriental fashion it was thought would never be introduced to America, but it is coming sure, for English swiftness has decreed it, and we may soon expect to see the lobes of ladies' ears weighted down with them.

The young impersonator and humorist, Herbert L. Cops, will give an entertainment at the Chelsea Town Hall, Tuesday evening, May 23, for the benefit of the Y. P. S. C. M. The Ithica Sentinel says: "One of the best entertainments of its kind ever given in Ithica. For two and one half hours Mr. Cops kept his audience convulsed with laughter or nearly in tears." Detroit Gazette: "We cannot say too much in praise of his selections." Admission 10 and 20 cents.

The Eaton Rapids Herald says the legislator who would get the following "game" law enacted could soar to the topmost pinnacle of fame without any danger of having his wings clipped: "Book agents may be killed from Aug. 1 to Oct. 1; spring poets from March 1 to June 1; umbrella borrowers from Feb. 1 to Oct. 1; tramps from the time the robins nest till snow flies; life insurance agents, lightning rod dispensers, confidence piano men and politicians to be annihilated at sight and at all times."

Bro. Stearns, of the Holly Advertiser publishes the following timely advice to married men, as well as those who intend to get married: "How common it is for a man to dictate what shall be used in the house, in the way of decorations, furniture etc., and yet how piggy. It is the lady that must live in the house, do the work and spend all of her time there, and she should have her say, but it is seldom that she does. A husband that will dictate just how things should be in the house is selfish to say the least. He should bear in mind that his wife is equally as good as he, and should be so recognized."

Don't forget the Herald when you have an item of news, and don't neglect to hand it up early. If your wife whips you let us know, and we'll make it all right before the public. If you have company, tell us—that is if you are not ashamed of your visitors. If a youngster arrives at your house and demands food and raiment, buy a quarter's worth of cigars and come around and if you are a cash subscriber, we will furnish a name for him or her, as circumstances may warrant. If you have a social gathering of a few friends, bring around a big cake, six or seven pies and a ham—not necessarily to eat, but as a guarantee of good faith. You needn't invite us for it may be a little too cool for our wardrobe. We simply mention these things because we want the news.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

Chelsea, April 29, 1893.
Board met in Hiemenschneider's store. Meeting called to order by President. Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees present—Hiemenschneider, Crowell, Gilbert and Schumacher.

Trustees absent—Whitaker and Konkright.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

On motion the treasurer's bonds of Frederick Huxtel was accepted and approved with William P Schenk and George P. Glazier as sureties.

On motion the liquor bonds of Henry Frey was accepted and approved with Maria Frey and Godfrey Gras as sureties.

On motion the liquor bonds of Conrad Spirague was accepted and approved with Catherine Girbach and Godfrey Gras as sureties.

On motion the liquor bonds of Tommy McNamara was accepted and approved with Michael J. Noyes and Timothy McKinnis as sureties.

On motion the liquor bonds of Robert Marble was accepted and approved with James Hunter and James Taylor as sureties.

On motion the board adjourned.

A. E. WINANS, Clerk.

Beware of Such People.

There is a class of people working the farmers in Michigan that deserve some attention from the press. These are the travelling cloth and grocery sellers who make a pretence of wholesaling their wares and saving the farmer the profit of the middleman. This is a very catching expression, and has caught hundreds of farmers throughout the country of late years. We have before us a business card of one of these concerns claiming to be large importers and manufacturers of the goods they sell, stating that nothing is sold by retail in their store, and only by their salesman outside. We can hardly think that any of our readers are simple as to believe for an instant that there is such an institution in Detroit. This firm might refuse to sell by retail in all right, but that a merchant would refuse to do business because the order had not been taken in by "our outside salesman," is something original and unique in its way. The best way is to give these "fakirs" a wide berth. If the matter is investigated it will be found that the supplies to fill these orders are drawn from the wholesale houses of this city, and that the quality of the goods furnished is much as will leave the seller a large profit on the transaction. It is safe to say that your nearest grocer or dry goods merchant will be glad at all times to furnish you with a better class of goods at as low rates as these traveling frauds. The wholesale merchants of this city have not yet put men on the road to solicit orders from the firmers.—Michigan Farmer

Odds and Ends.

An exchange remarks that the "fall door yawns," and seems to regard this attitude on the part of the floor as highly commendable. Perhaps it is. All depends on which side the door the rascal is.

The modern stage has the tank, the railway train, the safe-blower, the fire engine, the race track, the circus, the shipwreck, the stump-puller and the storm-anatcher (Cicopatra brand), and now we have a drama in which a sewer plays the principal part. Is the stage to be "elevated" by the sewer route? About half the plays now presented ought to have a sewer in their "properties."

New Mexico has a story about the discovery of forty-three skeletons left indifferently on the desert sands by a company of cavalry that went out in 1870 and never came back again. The habit of the army authorities of turning companies into the wilderness and not even sending to find what had become of their bones is very late to make itself known, but it is reprehensible and ought to stop.

This was a conundrum they asked at a church social the other night: "Why is the wind blind?" One young lady promptly answered "the wind is a breeze; a breeze is a zephyr; a zephyr is a yarn; a yarn is a tale; a tale is an attachment; attachment is love and love is blind." She got three invitations to supper that night, and four young men wanted to walk home with a remarkable a genius.

The story is told that explorers along the Nile have unearthed a plow of modern shape, also a camera and a photograph camera the evidence being indisputable that the articles are at least 6,000 years old. This is a fairly good story. It might have been advantageously rounded out by adding to the collection a nickel in the slot machine, a type writer and a tabulator, but then it will do as it is.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time table taking effect Jan. 24, 1893
60th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
* Mail.....10.10 A. M.
* Grand Rapids Express.....6.17 P. M.
* Night Express.....9.42 P. M.
* Pacific Express.....11.05 P. M.

GOING EAST.
* Detroit Night Express.....4.55 A. M.
* Atlantic Express.....7.28 A. M.
* Grand Rapids Express.....10.12 A. M.
* Mail.....8.52 P. M.
* Detroit Day Express.....5.02 P. M.

Daily except Sunday.
* Daily.
* Stops only to let off passengers.
* Daily except Saturday.
* Stops only for passengers to get on or off.
W. M. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUSSELL, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chelsea.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetics used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

Dr. K. GREINER,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.
Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

G. W. PALMER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.
SPECIALTIES—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. McCOOLGAN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accouchour.
Office and residence west side South Main street, second floor from South St.
Office hours, 8 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

DENTISTRY

Dr. C. S. CHADWICK,
A Graduate of the U. of M. will be in Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday to practice dentistry. I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my profession with skill and dispatch. Prices reasonable.
Office over Glazier's store.

Dr. C. E. PARKER,

VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College. Diseases of all domestic animals treated on the most scientific principles. Orders received by telegraph or telephone, promptly attended to day or night. Consultation and examination at office, free. Residence and office on Ann Arbor street, 2nd door from Opera House, n50
DEXTER, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.
Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.
GEO. EDER, Prop.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the
CITY BARBER SHOP
Kempf Bros. old bank building.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

FREE!

Railroad Pass
to the
World's Fair.
In obtaining this pass, information will be given by calling on
Dr. SCHNEIDER, Chelsea, 2430A.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.
Wm. Castart
FIRE FIRE

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

A CRUSADE has been started in England against the application of the word "esquire" to persons who have no right to it.

A STREET in Tokio, with the delightful intelligible name of "Hunkodory," is to be reproduced in detail in the Japan exhibit at the fair.

CONSUL NEWSON, at Malaga, reports that it is possible for a very poor man to live there on five cents a day, while a very respectable dinner may be had for a dime.

PNEUMONIA, which is at present causing serious ravages in Paris, seems to more frequently take the form of an infectious pulmonary congestion and to be closely connected with the epidemic of the grip.

A NEW Missouri law provides that if any telegraph company fail to send a message delivered to it it shall pay a penalty of \$200, one-half of which shall be paid to the sender and one-half into the school fund.

THE gunboat Scapha, which was sunk in the Patuxent river near Chesapeake bay, about 1815, has been located by divers, and the Washington Historical society will try to raise the hull and exhibit it at the World's fair.

AT a recent meeting of the ornithological society in Berlin, Dr. Reichenow gave an interesting account of the discovery of the remains of some remarkable birds in Argentina. From the remains it is calculated that the birds must have been twice as high as the ostrich.

TEXAS is a gun in the British navy, a twenty-two-ton Armstrong, which fires a solid shot a distance of twelve miles, the highest point in the arc described by the shot being 17,000 feet above the earth's surface. The discharge of the gun can not be heard at the place where the ball strikes.

THE entire battlefield of Gettysburg was about eight miles long, and averaged a mile wide. It included about 5,000 acres. Nearly half of this is already in the hands of the Battlefield Memorial association, which would willingly turn it over to the general government for a national park.

PARIS has practically decided that the big thing with which she will amuse the world at the exhibition of 1900 will be the greatest of all telescopes. It will cost at least \$500,000, and it is expected to bring the moon near enough to see objects no larger than the towers of the Brooklyn bridge.

NEW YORK is the only state that allows an uncle to marry his niece. In Florida and Georgia marriage is prohibited within the "Levitical degrees," these are set forth in Leviticus xviii, and forbid marriages of nephews and aunts, but seemingly not of uncles with nieces. No European country considers such a marriage lawful.

A WOMAN in Berwick, Pa., is reported insane over the disappointment she felt at not being able to dispose of a million of canceled postage stamps which she had been at great pains to collect. It is pitiful that the idea that a million canceled stamps have more value than so much old paper, which has been so many times exploded, will not stay exploded.

A HITHERTO unfamiliar portrait of Benjamin Franklin, by Duplessis, the French painter, has been recently discovered in Germany by a young American physician, Dr. C. F. Snyder, and has been sent to Philadelphia. The picture was obtained from a Dresden family in reduced circumstances, and its genuineness is said to be undoubted.

THE new Liberty Bell will be cast in Troy, N. Y., June 8, and will ring on July 4—that is, if it is properly cast from the various metals contributed, and does not spring a patriotic crack, like that of its famous predecessor. Gold, silver, copper, nickel and bronze, some in pieces composing choice monuments and relics, have been donated by patriotic people.

A NOVEL scheme is to be tried in Boston and its contributing rural territory this summer, consisting of what Mrs. Julia Ward Howe has named "Co-operative Vacationing." The purpose of this plan is to afford opportunities to women who are not financially able to bear the expense of travel, but are willing to work for those who are able to travel and to have educated help travel with them.

THERE has been so much misinformation published throughout the country regarding the cost of seeing the World's fair that it need some explanation. Fifty cents admits one to every part of the fair proper where the countries of the world will show their products or come into competition. This also includes entrance to the midway pleasure with its eighty acres of curious villages, etc., but to enter them he must pay an admission fee to each

COUNT UP THE COST.

A Valuable List for Prospective World's Fair Visitors

It Enumerates Most of the Attractions Covered by the Single Admission Fee, and Gives the Cost of a Visit to the Novel Side Shows.

SURE OF YOUR MONEY'S WORTH. JACKSON PARK, CHICAGO, MAY 11.—Director General Davis has furnished the national commission with the first complete and official announcement of charges within the grounds, together with a detailed statement of the exhibits that may be seen free of charge. The report says:

One Price for All. The fee of fifty cents charged for admission to the World's Columbian Exposition covers entrance to the exposition grounds, including the Midway Plaisance, a total area of about 600 acres. It covers also admission to all the buildings of the World's Columbian Exposition, including all the special exhibition buildings allied with the several great departments, the tower galleries and domes of the administration building, the monastery of La Rabida, containing all the most valuable and authentic relics of Columbus now extant, the Woman's building, and the United States government buildings and the pavilions of foreign nations. There are innumerable other attractions of which no mention can be made in a brief report, all of which are covered by the single admission fee.

Agriculture and Horticulture. In Jackson park are the great departments and their exhibits and annexes, as follows: The buildings of the department of agriculture, with outside exhibits, including the windmill exhibits and the agriculture exhibits of France and her colonies. The buildings of the department of horticulture, with their greenhouses, annexes, nurseries, plantations, flower gardens and lawns, under the care of American and foreign exhibitors. The department of live stock includes the stock pavilion, the show ring, and also additional structures for the sheltering of stock. The exhibit of the department of live stock will include special shows throughout the exposition period; in addition to horses, cattle, sheep, swine, etc., it will include an extensive bench show of dogs, native and foreign, and a poultry show, and a bench-pigeon contest.

Fisheries. In the department of fisheries will be shown the methods and products of fishing industries throughout the world, which will occupy the central portion of the structure, while of the two wings of the building, the left wing will be devoted to a magnificent aquarial exhibit under the auspices of the United States fish commission and the other with a complete exhibit of angling appliances and material gathered from all over the world, the most unique and interesting extension of the kind ever made. Adjacent to the Fisheries building and in the north entrance of the lagoon is the fish storage yard for renewing the supplies of live fish for the aquaria, the anglers' camp and the Isaac Walton fishing lodge.

Mines and Mining. In the building of the mines and mining department will be illustrated ancient and modern systems of mining and metallurgy in use throughout the world, with specimens of native minerals of our own and other countries, and refined products and metallurgical process. Within the Mining building will be shown the process of washing and cutting diamonds by natives of South Africa, the diamond which was first brought to this country for this special purpose and transported from the storage yard at the western extremity of the grounds to the Mining building by automatic conveyors. An important annex to the mining exhibit is the exhibit of the oil industries, covering 40,000 square feet.

Machinery. The buildings of the department of machinery include, besides the American exhibits and the steam and electric power plant, extensive and interesting displays from Germany, France, Belgium and other foreign countries. A portion of the great exhibit of Frederick Krupp, of Germany, which is installed in a pavilion on the lake shore, north of the monastery of La Rabida, is also included in the classification of the department of machinery.

Transportation. The transportation exhibits department will display a most extensive collection of vehicles, motor cars and water craft, of the most ancient time down to the present day. Included in this department are the outside exhibits of the Pennsylvania railroad and the New York Central railroad, each in its special pavilion.

Manufactures and Liberal Arts. The great building of manufactures and liberal arts covers more than thirty acres of ground floor. In this are included the manufactured products of over eighty nations and colonies, shown in the order of their day being included in the department of liberal arts, under which are also classified a magnificent collection of musical instruments, both ancient and modern, from our own and foreign countries.

Electricity. The building of the electrical department is occupied by exhibits alone; and the electrical plant of the exposition, which will be one of the most conspicuous features of the electrical display, extends in extent and power any installation heretofore attempted.

The Fine Arts. The fine art galleries, with their annexes, are occupied by the choicest examples of modern art from foreign countries and the best collection ever got made of the productions of American artists.

Forestry. The forest products of our own and other countries will be shown in the Forestry pavilion, lying directly east of the Anthropological building. The results of systematic forest culture will here be shown and the most approved methods of planting and restoring forest areas which have been destroyed.

Woman's Building. In the Woman's building will be shown the best productions of woman's work from all quarters of the globe. The building will be one of the most attractive features of the exposition. Adjoining it will be the Children's building, showing the methods of training and caring for children, and will be of equal interest and importance to children and to parents.

What the Government Offers. The great building erected by the United States government at an expense of nearly \$600,000 is filled with the most complete and best arranged collection which it is possible to secure from all the government departments, and the National museum at Washington, lying just off shore, northwest of the government building, is the reproduction of a modern warship, with the latest designs in armament and defensive equipment, which stand in close proximity upon the north entrance to the lagoon.

Administration Building. The Administration building, the central structure of the exposition, is also open to the public, except the offices of administration. The elevators are run without charge, and the public is admitted to all the floors, the

galleries and the dome during the hours when the exposition is open.

Other Attractions. The list of the state and foreign buildings is too long and their attractions too numerous to be given in detail, but it may be worth while to mention that their historical collections and illustrations of natural products and resources will be most attractive.

The new and leather building on the lake shore, east of the south pond, contains the great collection representing the leather industry in all parts of the world.

The department of ethnology and archeology occupies the Anthropological building at the southeast corner of the grounds, and its exhibits illustrate the development of the human race from the earliest times to the present. Within the Anthropological building are included the exhibits of the Bureau of charities and correction and the Bureau of hygiene and sanitation, which are classified with the department of liberal arts. Surrounding the Anthropological building and upon the shores of the south pond is the extensive geographical exhibit of the department of ethnology, showing the native races of North and South America as they live in their homes. The department also includes reproductions of the most ancient ruins of the American continent.

THE SIDE SHOWS. A Long List of Novel Attractions Together with Their Prices of Admission.

CHICAGO, May 11.—In his report to the national commission, Director General Davis gives a list of attractions at the world's fair grounds to which a fee besides that of the general admission fee will be charged. These attractions are all the property of private individuals or corporations and are not integral parts of the great exposition. Prospective visitors will find the list a valuable aid in "doing" the fair. They should realize, however, that everything within the 670 acres comprising the park and not mentioned below can be seen for the single admission fee of 50 cents. Most of the attractions are located in the Midway Plaisance. Add the cost of admission to the grounds (50 cents) to the list of prices below, and one will find that it will cost about \$15 to see the great fair and its innumerable side attractions. Following is the list:

Turks and Egyptians. Constantinople Street Scene, Midway Plaisance—Turkish theater (two performances daily)—Admission 50 cents. Paradise tent—Admission 25 cents. Turkish restaurant, native musical performances, tribe of Bedouins, admission 25 cents.

Cairo Street, Midway Plaisance—Egyptian bazaars, native music, chamber of horrors, fortune tellers, conjurers, musical and theatrical performances, collections, photos, pictures and paintings, wedding processions and moulés; admission until 11 a. m. 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents; after that hour free. Egyptian temple, admission 25 cents.

Dutch East India Village, Midway Plaisance—Two theaters (one on each side of street), exhibitions by native bands, jugglers, snake charmers, dancers (male and female), and other characters in native costume. Admission fees to be approved by committee on ways and means. At present, admission 25 cents.

German Village and Town of Medieval Times, Midway Plaisance—German and Bavarian houses in native dress, museum of curios, antiquities and works of art peculiar to Germany. Admission 25 cents. German tribes representing house of the Upper Bavarian mountains, Black Forest or Aisland, the Allgäu, the Hesse, the Altenburg house of Silesian Bauren, Middle Germans, Westphalian Hof of the Lower Saxons, etc. Such tribes and houses to constitute the village.

Natorium, Midway Plaisance—Natorium with musical performances. Admission, with use of bath, 50 cents.

Esquimau Village, Jackson Park—Esquimau village, Labrador trading post and native exhibit. Admission 25 cents.

Moorish Palace, Midway Plaisance—Exhibit of native dress, admission 25 cents. Trip through Switzerland, trip to the moon, ramona obscure, representatives in wax, etc. Moorish palace, right to exhibit \$1,000,000 in gold coin. Cafe in connection. Admission to amusement features 25 cents.

Panorama of Bernese Alps, Midway Plaisance—Scenery of Switzerland; admission, 50 cents.

Panorama of Volcano of Mount Katla, Midway Plaisance—Painting to faithfully reproduce in miniature the volcano action of the crater of Mount Katla; admission, 50 cents.

Algerian Village, Midway Plaisance—Algerian village, Tunis, and Algeria streets and samples of high priced teas; admission 10 cents, 25 cents, and 50 cents.

Hungarian Concert Pavilion and Cafe, Midway Plaisance—Musical entertainments, the latest performances, gypsy bands, native performances, etc.; admission 25 cents.

Venetian Glassware and Mosiacs, Midway Plaisance—Factory in full operation, sale of Venetian and Florentine wares. Admission 25 cents.

Chinese Joss House and Theater. Chinese Village, Midway Plaisance—Chinese village, theater with native performers, joss house and Chinese tea garden and cafe. To theater and joss house admission 25 cents.

Irish Village and Blarney Castle, Midway Plaisance—Representatives of Blarney castle, exhibit and sale of Irish products by natives.

Lectures on Animal Locomotion, Jackson Park—Lectures on Animal Locomotion, illustrating science of animal locomotion and zoopraxiographic films. No admission charge.

Nippon Tea House, Wooded Island, Jackson Park—Japanese tea house; light lunches and samples of high priced teas; admission 10 cents, 25 cents, and 50 cents.

Porcelain Building, Midway Plaisance—Display of and manufacture and sale of distinctively Persian goods. Musical entertainments, etc. Native artisans and performers; admission 50 cents.

Ruins of the Cliff Dwellers, Jackson Park—Representation of ruins of the cliff dwellers, antiquities and curiosities connected therewith. Admission 25 cents.

Costume Nationalities of Forty Countries, Midway Plaisance—Exhibits of native and imitated costumes, from at least forty of the countries of the world; sell photographs of costumes. Admission 25 cents.

Typical Irish Village with Native Inhabitant, Midway Plaisance—Admission 25 cents. Japanese Bazaars, Midway Plaisance—Manufacture and sale of Japanese articles; native entertainments. No admission fee.

Vienna Cafe and Concert Hall, Midway Plaisance—Restaurant with musical performance. No admission fee.

Competitive Musical Exercises, Festival Hall—Musical exercises September 6, 7 and 8. Prices to be approved by the exposition company.

Model of St. Peter's Church, Rome, Midway Plaisance—Admission 25 cents.

Trained Wild Animals. Inauguration of the Zoological Arena, Midway Plaisance—Exhibition of wild animals, etc. Admission to building 25 cents. Seats in amphitheater from 25 cents to \$1.

entertainments and exhibit of Tunisian goods. No admission fee.

Mammoth Crystal Cave, Horticultural Building—Reproduction of the mammoth crystal cave situated near the city of Deadwood, S. D. No admission fee.

Model Eiffel Tower, Midway Plaisance—Model to be 20 feet in height. Admission 25 cents.

Vienna Mannercher Society—Musical exercises in Festival hall during the summer months of 1893. Prices to be approved by the bureau of music.

Whaling Bark Progress, South Pond—The old whaling bark Progress, to illustrate and maintain therein a museum illustrating the whaling industry. To contain all marine curiosities and relics. Admission 25c.

Electric Scenic Theater, Midway Plaisance—Showing a landscape or other scenes under the changing light as a day passes. The effects produced by a multitude of various colored electric lights. Admission 25c.

East Indian Wares, Midway Plaisance—Exhibition and sale of native wares. No admission.

Festival Hall, Jackson Park—Musical entertainments by world's famous artists and musical societies throughout the exposition period. Price of admission \$1.

Crave of Admission \$1. Consantinople Street Scenes, Midway Plaisance—Elevated street scenes, with two native carriers; \$1 an hour.

Novelties in Transportation. Cairo Street Scenes, Midway Plaisance—Donkeys and camel rides; 50 cents an hour for donkeys; 25 cents for ride through street on camel.

Dutch East India Village, Midway Plaisance—Palkees and other native vehicles for transportation. Prices to be approved by committee on ways and means.

World's Fair Steamship Company—Transportation of passengers to and from Jackson park, round trip, 25 cents.

Electric Intramural Railway—Elevated railroad about Jackson park, 10 cents for round trip or part thereof.

Steam Launches—Transportation through outer lagoons, basins and Lake Michigan, round trip, 25 cents.

Electric Launches—Transportation through lagoons and basins, round trip 25 cents. Wheel Chairs—Roller chairs about grounds and buildings, 75 cents an hour with attendant, 40 cents an hour without attendant.

Venetian Gondolas and Barges—About lagoons and basins, with gondoliers, 50 cents per round trip.

Elevator in Transportation Building—Ten cents a ride.

Elevator to the Roof of the Manufactures Building—Fifty cents for a trip.

Vertical Revolving Wheel, Midway Plaisance—The wheel is 200 feet in diameter and 127 feet in height; 50 cents for ride of two rounds trip.

Movable Sidewalk, Long Pier, Jackson Park—Electrically propelled sidewalk; five cents a ride from shore to end of sidewalk, or vice versa.

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC. The Irish Village and Vermont State Building at the World's Fair Grounds Dedicated.

JACKSON PARK, Chicago, May 11.—Nearly a thousand sons and daughters of the Green Mountain state witnessed the dedication of the Vermont state building Wednesday. Gov. Fuller and staff, in full uniform, state officials and many prominent ladies and gentlemen

were present. James L. Martin, speaker of the Vermont house of representatives, made the address, assigning the building to the care of the exposition officials, and Director General Davis replied accepting it. The address of the day was made by Gov. Fuller. After ex-Gov. Dillingham had delivered an oration in a patetotic strain, the ceremony was closed with music by the orchestra and a general handshaking.

Blarney castle and the Irish village in Midway Plaisance were thrown open to the public at 3 p. m. A large number of interested spectators, including the British commissioners and many visitors from the Emerald Isle, were present. The principal address was made by Lady Aberdeen, president of the Irish Industries association. The village will afford the student a broad view of the industries of Ireland. Lace making, knitting, weaving, crocheting, wood carving and many other crafts will be illustrated. The special object of this exhibit is to raise funds for the advancement and further development of these industries, which afford employment for the poor women of Ireland. The Irish concerts, which are one of the most striking features of the village, an eminent harpist being at the head. Irish plays and jig dances as seen at the famous "ould country" fairs will be reproduced.

Drowned at Portland, Me. FORELAND, Me., May 11.—Donald Campbell, a prominent business man of this place, was drowned at 9 a. m. With two other men he was mending a break in the Grand river mill dam when their boat broke away and the men were carried over the dam. Campbell's body was recovered half a mile below the village. The other occupants of the boat clung to it and were rescued.

Given a Good Price. WASHINGTON, May 11.—The president has appointed Frank H. Jones, of Springfield, Ill., first assistant postmaster general, vice H. Gray, Jr., resigned.

BREASTED THE STORM.

The Plankinton Bank at Milwaukee experienced a heavy run, but emerged unscathed. A Special Train Bearing Funds for Its Assistance Sent from Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, May 15.—For the first time in many years Milwaukee has experienced a run on one of its banks. Before the doors of the Plankinton bank opened a crowd of 300 people gathered about the entrance and, from the moment the bank opened until it closed in the afternoon, the tellers were kept busy paying out money. Saving depositors were refused, their money under the rule requiring thirty days' notice before withdrawal of funds. At noon the run was virtually over and confidence began to resume sway once more. The distrust of the Plankinton bank is due to the large amount in which it is involved in the Lupper failure.

The most conspicuous incident in connection with the run was the arrival of about \$100,000 in an express safe from Chicago. The money was unloaded at the bank about 11:30 o'clock from an American Express wagon, and the sight of the big cash box had a reassuring effect on some of the anxious depositors. The cash came from the Continental national bank of Chicago, where the Plankinton had a cash balance of \$77,000, and from several other Chicago banks having small balances due the Plankinton.

The special train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad which brought the money was composed of a locomotive and an express car. It made the run in exactly two hours and fifteen minutes and just four minutes after the train dashed into the depot the money was at the door of the bank. Assistant Cashier Moody, who went to Chicago to secure the funds, was so wrought up by the importance of his duty that when the money in his charge was safely in the bank he fell in a faint.

From a statement made by the cashier to the directors Friday night the bank had in its vaults Saturday morning money belonging to it and other banks to the amount of \$600,000. One hundred thousand dollars was received during the day from Chicago and at a meeting of the clearing house Saturday afternoon it was decided to take \$200,000 of the bank's paper guaranteed by the directors. This gives the bank \$800,000 in its vaults. During the day that \$70,000 was paid out to depositors and was substituted by the bank officials that had been met by new deposits received during the day.

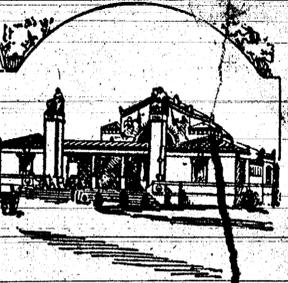
The scene in the bank was very interesting. Depositors were crowded against the counters, all endeavoring to get in first, and prominent men in banking and business circles were delivering short speeches assuring them of the safety of the bank and their money. Among those who spoke to the crowd were Gov. Peck, Frank Bigelow, cashier of the First national bank, and Frederick T. Day, president of the Plankinton bank.

DULUTH, Minn., May 15.—Gill & Wright, proprietors of the Duluth roller mills, have assigned to F. W. Paine, cashier of the Security bank. The failure may be attributed to the recent deal in May wheat at Chicago. The firm had spread out considerably and was in no condition to stand the squeeze. The assets are variously estimated, according to the valuation placed upon the mill property, from \$75,000 to \$130,000. Liabilities, \$97,000.

CHICAGO, May 15.—President Zim Dwiggin of the collapsed Columbia bank views without any great concern the reports from Washington that he may be indicted by the treasury department for peculiar methods of financing. The report was to the effect that "irregularities" were discovered in the bank's method of doing business, and that these "irregularities" constituted ample grounds for an indictment against the president. The amount of money involved in these transactions is said to be as much as \$400,000 or \$500,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 15.—The panic feeling caused by the suspension of so many banks throughout the state is passing away. It is possible that there are a few more of the country banks that may have to close their doors, but the feeling is that the worst is over. The many suspensions have not caused more than a ripple of excitement among the old line bankers. Money has tightened up a little, but the best financiers say there is no ground whatever for the indiscriminate talk of the danger of a panic. Indianapolis bankers express the belief that the suspension of this Dwiggin and Paris line of banks will result in good. The state authorities, they say, ought never to have permitted such banks to do business, and the belief is that in the future such banks will be watched with more care.

There have been in all ten failures at banks in the state in a month, and the failure of the Columbia and that of Chicago, Ind., are the only failures which were unannounced. It is rumored by John W. D. and J. S. on June 10, of this city, that the four banks in which they are interested will report within a few days. The Columbia bank has been closed since the 1st of April, and it is rumored to remain a business to any. The syndicate members that it has closed by arrangements for the re-opening of the other banks in its extensive system. It is also stated that some of the banks operated by Dwiggin and Starbuck of the Columbia national will be re-opened during the week.



THE VERMONT BUILDING.

